



STATUTES OF THE UNION INTERNATIONALE DES AVOCATS (International Association of Lawyers)

ARTICLE 1 - NAME

There is incorporated by the subscribers to these Statutes a not-for-profit association governed by the Law of 1 July 1901 and the Decree of 16 August 1901 having as its corporate name:

UNION INTERNATIONALE DES AVOCATS
or UIA (hereinafter “the UIA”).

The name of the association can be translated as follows:

- in English: International Association of Lawyers (UIA)
- in Spanish: Unión Internacional de Abogados (UIA).

ARTICLE 2 - UNIVERSALITY

The UIA affirms its universal character in bringing together bars, lawyers throughout the world and their professional associations, while respecting the diversity of legal systems and cultures as well as respecting and defending human rights. It will take all measures necessary to promote within the UIA respect for the principles of non-discrimination and gender equality, principles to which the UIA is committed.

ARTICLE 3 - MISSION AND OBJECTS

3.1 Mission

UIA, as a global and multi-cultural organization, facilitates professional development and international exchange of information and ideas, promotes the rule of law, defends the independence and freedom of lawyers worldwide, and emphasizes friendship, collegiality and networking among members.

3.2 Objectives

UIA's objectives, free from all political and religious considerations, are:

- i. To provide benefits for members including cross-border information and idea exchange, legal training, and development of productive personal and professional relationships.
- ii. To advance on a global basis the fundamental principles of the legal profession including the peaceful resolution of disputes.
- iii. To promote the rule of law.
- iv. To defend lawyers' independence and freedom to practice their profession.

- 3.3 In furtherance of those objects, the UIA may use all appropriate means, in particular by organising events (notably scientific and training events); intervening with national and international organisations; concluding partnership agreements editing and distributing publications; borrowing funds and creating subsidiaries.

ARTICLE 4 - REGISTERED OFFICE

- 4.1 The registered office of the UIA is situated in Paris.
- 4.2 The registered office may be transferred by decision of the General Assembly.
- 4.3 The registered office may be transferred to another place in the same city by decision of the Executive Committee, ratified subsequently by the General Assembly.

ARTICLE 5 - MEMBERSHIP

The UIA comprises:

- a) individual members;
- b) collective members;
- c) member firms belonging to the UIAdvance programme or any other dedicated programme;
- d) associate individual members;
- e) associate collective members; and
- f) honorary members.

ARTICLE 6 - MEMBERS

6.1 Individual members

The following may become individual members of the Association:

"Practicing lawyers" category

- Lawyers who practise their profession in compliance with their national laws and in accordance with the principles set out in Articles 2 and 3 above.

"Corporate lawyers, teachers of law and judges" category

- Corporate lawyers with law qualifications.
- Teachers of law with law qualifications.
- Judges with law qualifications.

6.2 Collective members

The following may become collective members of the UIA, provided their officers are freely elected and they support the principles expressed in Article 3 of these Statutes:

- national organisations (bars, law societies or others) to which lawyers are required to belong, as well as those to which lawyers must not necessarily belong but which are broadly representative;

- national organisations composed of individual bars and professional associations.

6.3 Member Firms

Law firms belonging to the UIAdvance program or any other dedicated programme may be member firms.

6.4 Associate individual members

The following legal professionals may become associate individual members of the UIA, provided that their activities are not incompatible with the principles governing the legal profession:

- Other legal professionals who are principally engaged in the practice of law and who hold suitable legal qualifications ;
- law students.

6.5 Collective associate members

The following may become associate collective members of the UIA:

- international legal associations which are broadly representative;
- national and international associations of legal professionals, also as defined above.
- law schools and universities.

ARTICLE 7 - ACQUISITION AND LOSS OF MEMBERSHIP

- 7.1 Membership is granted by the Executive Committee through a formal application submitted under the conditions set by these Statutes and the Association's Internal Regulations.
- 7.2 Membership is renewed by payment of the full amount of the annual membership fee.
- 7.3 Membership status is lost by lack of payment of the annual membership fee, the loss of the condition justifying it under Article 6, resignation, death, or exclusion.
- 7.4 Any expulsion must be decided by the Executive Committee, and be for good cause, where a member has not complied with their obligations under the Statutes, their obligations under the Code of Conduct or has acted in breach of the UIA's objects. The member must first have been asked to provide, orally or in writing, an explanation.
An expelled member may no longer participate in the Association's activities.
- 7.5 A refusal to admit to, or a decision to expel from, membership is subject to a right of appeal to the Governing Board.
- 7.6 The procedures for notifying decisions to refuse membership or of expulsion, and for appeals from such decisions, are set out in the Internal Regulations of the UIA.
- 7.7 Members who have resigned or been expelled have no right to share in the assets. The UIA shall be under no obligation to refund any subscriptions already paid.

ARTICLE 8 - RESOURCES

The resources of the UIA come from:

- subscriptions paid by the members;
- sponsorship;
- public or private grants or subsidies;
- all other sources permitted by law.

ARTICLE 9 - UIA BODIES

The bodies of the UIA are:

- the General Assembly;
- the Governing Board;
- the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 10 - GENERAL ASSEMBLY

- 10.1 The General Assembly is the sovereign body of the UIA. The President of the UIA or, failing them, the Immediate Past President or the President-Elect chairs its meetings.
- 10.2 The General Assembly is composed of all the members of the UIA and meets validly regardless of the number of members present in person or by proxy.
- 10.3 The General Assembly meets once a year in regular sessions, either physically, or by conference or audio-visual call, and can also meet in extraordinary sessions, also physically, or by conference or audio-visual call, wherever necessary, as determined by the Executive Committee.
- 10.4 Notice of any meeting, signed by the President and setting out the agenda decided by the Executive Committee, shall be sent to members of the UIA by ordinary post or electronic mail at least 30 days before the date of the meeting.
- 10.5 Only individual members and collective members who have paid their subscriptions three months before the date of a meeting of the General Assembly may vote at that meeting. Associate individual members, associate collective members and honorary members do not have a right to vote.
- 10.6 Each individual member who has paid their subscription three months before the date of the meeting of the General Assembly has one vote.
- 10.7 The total number of votes held by collective members of the UIA who have paid their subscriptions three months in advance of the date of the meeting of the General Assembly shall equal the number of votes held by the individual members who have paid their subscriptions three months before the date of the meeting, according to the following formula:
 - half of the votes granted to the collective members will be divided equally among all collective members with the right to vote; and
 - the other half of the votes granted to the collective members will be divided amongst them in proportion to the amount of membership subscriptions they have paid to the UIA.

ARTICLE 11 - POWERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

- 11.1 The General Assembly:
- approves the annual accounts of the UIA;
 - supervises the activities of the other bodies of the UIA;
 - elects, on the recommendation of the Governing Board, the Vice-President of the UIA;
 - elects, on the recommendation of the Executive Committee, the other members of that Committee;
 - appoints the honorary presidents and honorary members;
 - appoints the External Auditor;
 - adopts charters and ratifies resolutions which are submitted to it by the Governing Board;
 - decides on any changes to the Statutes;
 - if applicable, approves the dissolution of the UIA and the appointment of liquidators.
- 11.2 In general, the General Assembly decides all matters which are not within the competence of any other body of the UIA.

ARTICLE 12 - PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

- 12.1 The General Assembly can discuss and decide only those matters mentioned in the agenda sent with the notice of meeting.
- 12.2 Decisions are taken by a simple majority of the votes cast. In the case of a tie, the vote of the President will prevail.
- 12.3 However, decisions relating to amendments of the Statutes or the dissolution of the UIA require a two-thirds majority of the votes cast.
- 12.4 Voting can take place either physically on site or by secure electronic mode over a period defined in the invitation and which may not exceed one week.
- 12.5 In the event of a physical meeting and on-site voting, voting shall be by show of hands unless one-third of the voting members present in person or by proxy demand a secret ballot. The President also can decide to conduct a secret ballot.
- Voting for the Vice-President's post takes place through a secret ballot, either physically or electronically.
- In the event of a virtual meeting, votes shall take place electronically according to the same methods and depending on the technical resources in force.
- 12.6 Only in case of physical vote, proxy voting is permitted. Each proxy holder must be a member of the UIA and have the right to vote at the General Assembly. No member can hold more than three proxies.

- 12.7 Where necessary, the President of the UIA can decide to suspend a meeting of the General Assembly for the duration of the congress and resume it, without further notice, within a maximum period not exceeding the duration of the congress.
- 12.8 The proceedings of the General Assembly are to be recorded in minutes to be signed by the President and the Secretary General. Any extracts made from such minutes must be certified by two members of the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 13 - GOVERNING BOARD

- 13.1 The Governing Board must meet at least twice a year, either physically, or by conference or audio-visual call, on notice from the President of the UIA.
- 13.2 The President of the UIA or, failing them, the Immediate Past President or the President-Elect, chairs meetings of the Governing Board.
- 13.3 The Governing Board shall also meet, either physically, or by conference or audio-visual call, if requested to do so by ten of its members having the right to vote, who must specify the reasons for and purpose of their request. This request must be submitted by registered post to the registered office of the UIA, or electronically to the general UIA email address, for the attention of the President, who shall convene a meeting of the Governing Board within three months.
- This period is reduced to one month if the Board meets by telephone or audiovisual conference.
- 13.4 Notices of meetings of the Governing Board containing the agenda are to be sent to members by post or electronic mail at least 30 days before the date of the meeting.
- 13.5 If necessary, the Governing Board members may be called upon to discuss issues by means of circular mails (by post or electronic mail). A draft decision must then be sent simultaneously to all the Board members, specifying the deadline within which they must respond. If the proposal receives the support of a simple majority of the Board members in writing, it shall be taken as being equivalent to a decision taken at a meeting.

ARTICLE 14 - COMPOSITION OF THE GOVERNING BOARD

- 14.1 The Governing Board is comprised of:
- a) the members of the Executive Committee;
 - b) the Presidents of Commissions and Working Groups;
 - c) the Presidents of National Committees and National Representatives;
 - d) the Honorary Presidents;
 - e) the Counsellors to the President;
 - f) the Congress Presidents who have already been appointed and the Presidents of the last two Congresses;
 - g) the Regional Secretaries;

- h) the Presidents of the Ad hoc Committees of the Executive Committee;
- i) the Deputies of members of the Executive Committee;
- j) representatives from the International Bar Senate;
- k) the representatives of the UIA to international organisations; and
- l) the representatives sent by those organisations with which the UIA has entered into a long-term cooperation agreement.
- m) UIA-IROL Directors and Deputies.

14.2 Those who have the right to vote within the Governing Board are:

- the persons mentioned at letters a), d), e), f), h), i), j), k) and m);
- the Presidents of Commissions and Working Groups, the Presidents of National Committees and National Representatives, as well as the Regional Secretaries, subject to the conditions set forth in the Internal Regulations.

ARTICLE 15 - POWERS OF THE GOVERNING BOARD

15.1 The Governing Board considers all matters which are submitted to it by the Executive Committee and are not specifically reserved to the General Assembly.

15.2 It has in particular the mission of defining the strategy of the UIA and its plans for development.

15.3 Moreover, the Governing Board:

- Ensures compliance with the principles of non-discrimination, equality, diversity and the universal nature of the Association, within the bodies of the association. It also ensures the presence of youth among its members and reports annually to the General Assembly on these aspects;
- receives activity reports from the Presidents of Commissions and Working Groups, National Representatives and Regional Secretaries;
- adopts the budget of the UIA;
- provides an indicative vote for the General Assembly on the candidates who have been submitted to it by the Executive Committee for election of the Vice-President of the UIA;
- adopts the Internal Regulations of the UIA;
- adopts resolutions which are submitted to it by the Executive Committee;
- determines the official languages and working languages of the UIA on the Executive Committee's proposal;
- decides any appeal against decisions to refuse membership or expel members taken by the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 16 - PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNING BOARD

- 16.1 The quorum for meetings of the Governing Board is the presence, in person or by proxy, of 1/3 of the members having the right to vote as set out in Article 14 above, whether physically or by conference or audio-visual call.
- 16.2 The Governing Board can discuss and decide only those matters mentioned in the agenda sent with the notice of the meeting. However, if an urgent item to be dealt with emerges between the date the invitation is dispatched and the date of the meeting, the Governing Board may rule on the said item after having taken the formal decision, at the start of the meeting, to modify the meeting's agenda accordingly.
- 16.3 Decisions are taken by a simple majority of the votes cast. In the case of a tie, the vote of the President will prevail.
- 16.4 In the event of a physical meeting and on-site voting, voting shall be by show of hands, unless one-third of the voting members present in person or by proxy demand a secret ballot. The President also can decide to conduct a secret ballot. In the event of a virtual meeting, votes may take place by show of hands or electronically depending on the technical resources in force.
- 16.5 The indicative vote for the election at the General Assembly of the Vice-President of the UIA shall be conducted by secret ballot, either physically or electronically.
- 16.6 Each member of the Governing Board has only one vote, even if they are a member of the Governing Board in more than one capacity.
- 16.7 In case of physical vote, proxy voting is allowed. Only members of the Governing Board with the right to vote in accordance with Article 14 above can hold a proxy. No member may hold more than three proxies.
- 16.8 The proceedings of the Governing Board are to be recorded in minutes signed by the President and Secretary General. Any extracts made from such minutes must be certified by two members of the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 17 - EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- 17.1 The Executive Committee shall meet at least 4 times a year, whether physically or by conference or audio-visual call, on notice from the President of the UIA or at the request of one-quarter of its members.
- 17.2 The President of the UIA or, failing them, the Immediate Past President or the President-Elect, chairs its meetings.
- 17.3 Notices containing the agenda are to be sent to members of the Executive Committee by post or electronic mail at least 30 days before the date of the meeting.
- 17.4 When necessary, the members of the Executive Committee can be asked to sign a written resolution (whether by post or electronic mail). The draft resolution must be sent at the same time to all members of the Executive Committee with a statement of the date by which they must respond. If the proposal receives the written approval of the majority of the members of the Executive Committee. This shall have the same effect as a decision taken at a meeting.

ARTICLE 18 - COMPOSITION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- 18.1 The Executive Committee is comprised of at least sixteen (16) members, including:
- the President of the UIA;
 - the Immediate Past President;
 - the President-Elect;
 - the Vice-President;
 - the President of the Congress taking place that year;
 - the Secretary-General;
 - the Financial Director
 - The Senate Vice-President(s).
- 18.2 The exact functions of its other members shall be determined by the Executive Committee upon the proposal of the President, who shall endeavour to abide by the principles of non-discrimination, equality, diversity and the universal nature of the Association, in the composition of this body. Moreover, the President shall ensure that young members are represented in this body.
- In order to attract the best candidates, the President shall announce the vacant director positions to the Governing Board members (and opens these positions to all the Association's members, if necessary).
- 18.3 In order to ensure the universal character of the UIA, it is desirable that the President, the Immediate Past President and the President-Elect come from different countries.
- 18.4 The Executive Committee may appoint deputies for certain of its members. These deputies can replace the members whose deputies they are, with the same powers, and may be invited by the President to participate in meetings of the Executive Committee.
- 18.5 The Executive Committee may also add, on a temporary basis, any resource person or any working group that it believes would be useful in carrying out its work.

ARTICLE 19 - POWERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- 19.1 The Executive Committee:
- carries out the decisions of the General Assembly and Governing Board;
 - ensures the effective day-to-day functioning of the UIA;
 - presents the annual accounts and proposes a budget;
 - determines the amount of the different categories of membership fees and their manner of implementation;
 - adopts such regulations as are useful for the efficient operation of the UIA and submits them for approval by the Governing Board;
 - propose candidates for the election of its members to the General Assembly, and listen to their reports;
 - appoints deputies for its members;

- may appoint persons to be in charge of specific projects and specify the duration of such projects;
- on proposal by the President, appoints each year the Counsellors to the President and assigns them specific duties;
- chooses the cities in which the UIA's Congresses will be held, appoints the Presidents of those congresses and ensures that the Congress Organisational Regulations are correctly followed, or defines the terms and conditions for holding a virtual congress, if applicable;
- draws up the list of Commissions and Working Groups charged with addressing legal questions and appoints their Presidents;
- may create Ad hoc committees composed of groups of members to deal with specific problems or questions, and appoints their Presidents;
- appoints National Representatives and Regional Secretaries of the UIA; and
- approves the formation of National Committees of the UIA, and their internal regulations and listens to the reports of the National Committee Presidents.

19.2 Generally, the Executive Committee may take such actions and enter into such agreements as are useful for the effective operation of the UIA.

ARTICLE 20 - PROCEEDINGS AT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETINGS

- 20.1 The quorum for a valid meeting of the Executive Committee is half its members, provided that where a deputy is present in place of a member, the deputy is counted in the calculation of the quorum.
- 20.2 The Executive Committee may not discuss or decide points which are not contained in the agenda sent with the notice of meeting. However, if a significant issue arises between the date of the notice and the date of the meeting, the Executive Committee can rule on that issue after having taken a formal decision, at the start of the meeting, to amend the agenda accordingly.
- 20.3 Decisions are taken by a simple majority of members present. In the case of a tie, the vote of the President will prevail.
- 20.4 The Deputies of members of the Executive Committee shall not vote, except where they are acting in place of the member of the Committee for whom they are the deputy.
- 20.5 Decisions will be taken by a show of hands or electronically. The President may nonetheless decide to call a secret ballot or electronically on a particular point of the agenda.
- 20.6 The discussions of the Executive Committee shall be recorded in minutes signed by the President and the Secretary General. Any extracts made from such minutes must be certified by two members of the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 21 - BUREAU

- 21.1 The Executive Committee may delegate day-to-day management of the UIA to a Bureau comprising the President, the Immediate Past President, the President-Elect, the Vice-President, the Financial Director and the Secretary-General.
- 21.2 The Bureau also has the function of preparing for the meetings of the Executive Committee and implementing the decisions taken by the Executive Committee.
- 21.3 The Bureau prepares the Governing Board's work programme and, after approval by the Executive Committee, ensures that it is implemented.
- 21.4 The Bureau shall meet physically or by conference or audio-visual call as many times as is necessary, at the request of the President. In case of a physical meeting, a minimum notice of 15 days shall be issued.
- 21.5 Where necessary, the President may consult the Office of the ExCo electronically, and the Office of the ExCo may consult the Executive Committee or Governing Board electronically, by way of written circular.

ARTICLE 22 - PRESIDENT

- 22.1 The President manages the UIA and represents it vis-à-vis third parties and before courts of law.
- 22.2 In case of unavailability, the mandate of the President shall be exercised by the Immediate Past President or, failing that, by the President-Elect.
- 22.3 The procedure for election of the Vice-President of the UIA (expected to succeed to the President) is set out in the Internal Regulations.

The Vice-President must:

- practice the legal profession in compliance with their national laws
- be an individual member under the category of "Practicing Lawyers"
- be or have been a UIA member for at least 5 consecutive years
- be or have been a member of the Governing Board for at least 3 years
- be up-to-date with their membership fees.

ARTICLE 23 - TERMS OF OFFICE

- 23.1 The terms of office of the President, President-Elect, Immediate Past President and Vice-President run over one year.
- 23.2 They each take office at the time of the closing ceremony of the annual Congress following the General Assembly at which they were elected. Their terms of office end at the closing ceremony of the next Congress after that at which they took office.
- 23.3 The terms of office of the Counsellors to the President end when the term of office of the President who has nominated them ends.

- 23.4 The term of office of a Congress President runs from the date of appointment by the Executive Committee to the closing ceremony of the Congress over which they preside. The Congress President remains a member of the Governing Board for two years following the date of the congress chaired.
- 23.5 All other terms of office run for an initial period of two years, and are renewable a maximum of three times, for one year at a time.
- 23.6 A term of office cannot be renewed on expiry of the initial period of two years unless, during that initial period, the individual has performed their responsibilities in conformity with the Internal Regulations of the UIA.
- 23.7 Where a vacancy arises in the Executive Committee by reason of the death, incapacity or resignation of a member, the Committee may appoint an interim substitute until the next General Assembly.
- 23.8 No one can hold an office on behalf of the UIA without being a member (individual or associate individual member) or complying with the Code of Conduct for officials and being up to date with the payment of membership fees.
- 23.9 The Executive Committee ensures that cumulative offices are avoided. In no event may one member simultaneously hold more than two offices, except in the case of a mandate as deputy to the Vice-President or as a representative in international organizations .
- 23.10 Appointments may be revoked by the body which made the nomination/election if the office holder has not carried out their assigned responsibilities.
- 23.11 The procedure for revocation is set forth in the Internal Regulations of the UIA.
- 23.12 At the honourable end of their mandate, all representatives become members of the UIA Club, if they so wish and for as long as they are members of the UIA.

ARTICLE 24 - INTERNATIONAL BAR SENATE

- 24.1 The President of the UIA shall call, at least once a year, to a meeting of the International Bar Senate:
- the leaders of the collective members and associate collective members of the UIA or their representatives;
 - the leaders of bars and other professional organisations, national or international, which are not members of the UIA, or their representatives;
 - other prominent persons.
- 24.2 The mission of the Senate is to consider all subjects relating to the legal profession throughout the world.
- 24.3 The mechanics for organising the Senate are set out in the Internal Regulations of the UIA.

ARTICLE 25 - UIA-IROL

- 25.1 The Institute for the Rule of Law (UIA-IROL) is an integral part of UIA. It promotes the rule of law and supports and defends lawyers, judges and human rights defenders, in particular, who are harassed, threatened and/or persecuted in the practice of their profession, and upholds the independence of the legal professions and the United Nations Basic Principles on the Role of Lawyers, in particular in the Defence of Human Rights.
- 25.2 UIA-IROL has no separate legal personality from that of UIA and no financial autonomy.
- 25.3 The UIA-IROL Director-General is a member of the Executive Committee. The other directors and deputies of UIA-IROL are Governing Board members.
- 25.4 The functioning of UIA-IROL is defined in its Internal Rules, adopted by the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE 26 - FINANCES

- 26.1 The financial year of the UIA begins on 1 January and terminates on 31 December each year.
- 26.2 The accounts, before being submitted to the General Assembly, must be audited by an External Auditor appointed for one year by the General Assembly. The External Auditor's term of office is renewable.

ARTICLE 27 - DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

- 27.1 In case of dissolution of the UIA decided by two-thirds or more of the votes cast at a meeting of the General Assembly, one or more liquidators may be appointed in the General Assembly, and the assets, if any, are to be treated in accordance with Article 9 of the law of 1 July 1901 and the decree of 16 August 1901.
- 27.2 Absent the appointment of one or more named liquidators, the liquidation is to be carried out by the Office of the ExCo which is in place at the time the dissolution resolution is adopted.
- 27.3 The net assets after liquidation must be paid over to a non-profit institution with objects similar to the UIA, which is to be chosen by the General Assembly at the time the resolution to dissolve is adopted.

ARTICLE 28 - INTERPRETATION OF BY-LAWS

The present By-Laws are adopted in French and then translated into the Association's other working languages. In case of any divergence, the French text shall prevail.

The Executive Committee alone shall be qualified to interpret the present By-Laws, as required.

ARTICLE 29 - FINAL PROVISIONS

Any matter is not expressly dealt with in these Statutes or in the Internal Regulations of the UIA shall be governed by the law of 1 July 1901 and the decree of 16 August 1901.

Statutes adopted by the General Assembly which met on 25 October 2023, in Rome (Italy).